

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

RUBBOL AZ WHITE

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : RUBBOL AZ WHITE

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses
Professional use Consumer use	
	Uses advised against
None	
Product use	: High solid coating for exterior use.
.3 Details of the supplier	of the safety data sheet
Akzo Nobel Decor Wexham Road, Slough, Berkshire, United Kingdom, S Tel.: +44 (0) 333 2 www.sikkens.co.ul	SL2 5DS, 22 70 70
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sikkens.advice@akzonobel.com
.4 Emergency telephone	number
National advisory body/P	oison Center
Telephone number	: +44 (0)344 892 0111
<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: Emergency number is - 01753 550000 (24 hours) International Sikkens 24 hours emergency number : Tel.: +31 71 3086944

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms



:

Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	:	<ul> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.</li> <li>P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.</li> <li>P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.</li> </ul>
Response	:	<ul> <li>P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use water spray, dry chemical powder or carbon dioxide to extinguish.</li> <li>P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.</li> </ul>
Storage	:	P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Contains 3-iodo- 2-propynyl butylcarbamate. May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
Special packaging requirem	en	ts
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.



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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures Product/ingredient name	: Mixture	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors	Туре
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥15 - ≤20	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	and ATEs -	[1] [*]
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	REACH #:	≥15 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	-	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119486659-16 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	-	[1]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	<1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 905-588-0	<1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
IPBC	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	<0.25	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.5 mg/l M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	REACH #: 01-2119450011-60 EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≤0.3	Not classified.	-	[2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

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### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form

containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

.1 Description of first aid measures					
Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses if easy to do. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.			
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.			
Skin contact	:	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.			
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.			
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.			

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.



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<b>SECTION 4: First aid</b>	measures		
Skin contact Ingestion	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking</li> <li>No specific data.</li> </ul>		
4.3 Indication of any immedia	ate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
SECTION 5: Firefight	ting measures		
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Never use water for extinction.		
5.2 Special hazards arising fi	rom the substance or mixture		
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.		
Hazardous combustion products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides		
5.3 Advice for firefighters			
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.</li> </ul>		

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### <u>Danger criteria</u>

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations Industrial sector specific

: Not available. : Not available.

## solutions

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
procedures atmosphere or of the ventilatio protective equip the following: E the assessmen limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to (Workplace atmospheres)	contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness n or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory oment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for t of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with d measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 nospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient na	ime Type	e Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydro	treated DNEI	Long term	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
heavy		Inhalation	-	population	
-	DNEI	Long term	1.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	_		-
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
		Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
		Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
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ECTION 8: Exposure cont	rols/p	personal prote	ction		
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	837.5 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1152 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	m <sup>3</sup> 1286.4 mg/	population Workers	Systemic
1-methoxy-2-propanol	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	m <sup>3</sup> 33 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	bw/day 43.9 mg/m³	population General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	183 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	369 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
IPBC	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.023 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
(2 mothow mothy lothow )		Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol		Long term Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL DNEL	Long term Inhalation	37.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	121 mg/kg bw/day 283 mg/kg	General population Workers	Systemic Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation		VVUINCIS	Systemic

**PNECs** 



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SECTION 8: Exposu	re	controls/p	personal protection	on	
Product/ingredie	nt n	ame	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
manganese neodecanoate			Fresh water Marine water Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment Marine water sediment	85.3 μg/l 2.7 μg/l 121.3 mg/l 230.6 mg/kg dwt 23.06 mg/kg dwt	Assessment Factors Assessment Factors Assessment Factors Assessment Factors Assessment Factors
			Soil	167.33 mg/kg dwt	Assessment Factors
8.2 Exposure controls					
Appropriate engineering	:	Use only with	adequate ventilation. Us	e process enclosure	es. local exhaust
controls ventilation or contaminants controls also			other engineering control below any recommende need to keep gas, vapor its. Use explosion-proof	s to keep worker ex d or statutory limits. or dust concentratio	posure to airborne The engineering ns below any lower
Individual protection measu	ures				
Hygiene measures	:	before eating Appropriate to Wash contant	, forearms and face thoro , smoking and using the l echniques should be used ninated clothing before re rs are close to the workst	avatory and at the e d to remove potentia using. Ensure that e	nd of the working period. Illy contaminated clothing.
Eye/face protection	:	assessment i gases or dus	ear complying with an app indicates this is necessary ts. If contact is possible, sessment indicates a hig	y to avoid exposure the following protect	to liquid splashes, mists, ion should be worn,
Skin protection					
Hand protection	:	be worn at al this is necess check during should be no different for d	I times when handling che	emical products if a r ameters specified by till retaining their pro through for any glove ers. In the case of r	e material may be nixtures, consisting of
		protection cla recommende When only br (breakthroug Recommend	ged or frequently repeate ass of 6 (breakthrough tim ed. Recommended gloves rief contact is expected, a h time >30 minutes accor ed gloves: Nitrile, thicknes d be replaced regularly an	e >480 minutes acc s: Viton ® or Nitrile, f glove with protectio ding to EN374) is re ss ≥ 0.12 mm.	ording to EN374) is thickness ≥ 0.38mm. n class of 2 or higher commended.
			ance or effectiveness of th nage and poor maintenan		uced by physical/
		product is the	st check that the final cho e most appropriate and ta ded in the user's risk asse	kes into account the	
Body protection	:	being perform before handli wear anti-sta discharges, c European Sta	tective equipment for the ned and the risks involved ng this product. When th tic protective clothing. Fo clothing should include an andard EN 1149 for furthe and test methods.	d and should be app ere is a risk of ignition r the greatest protect ti-static overalls, boo	roved by a specialist on from static electricity, ction from static ots and gloves. Refer to
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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better.</li> <li>Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable</li> </ul>
	respiratory protective equipment should be used.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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<u>Appearance</u>						
Physical state	:	Liquid.				
Color	:	White.				
Odor	:	Charact	teristic.			
Odor threshold	:	Not ava	ilable.			
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not ava	ilable.			
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 149°C (300.2°F)					
Flammability	:	Not ava	ilable.			
Lower and upper explosion limit	:	<ul> <li>Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)</li> </ul>				
Flash point	:	Closed	cup: 39°C (102.2°	F) [Pensky-Marten	s]	
Auto-ignition temperature	:					
Ingredient name			°C	°F	Method	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol			207	404.6	EU A.15	
2-butoxyethanol			230	446	DIN 51794	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated ligh	nt		>220	>428		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not ava	ilable.	•	•	
PH	:	Not app	licable. [DIN EN 1	262]		
Viscosity	:			ture): 1421 mm²/s   n²/s [DIN EN ISO 3	[DIN EN ISO 3219] 219]	
Solubility(ies)	:			-		
Media		Resu	t			
cold water		Not so	oluble [OESO (TG	105)]		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not app	licable.			
Vapor pressure	:					
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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

	V	apor Press	ure at 20°C	\ \	apor pres	sure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
methanol	126.96	16.9				
1-methoxy-2-propanol	8.5	1.1				
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	6.7	0.89				
Relative density	· : 1.1	26		- I	•	•
/apor density	: Not	available.				
Particle characteristics						
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.				
Percentage of particles wit aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm						

<b>SECTION 10: Stabilit</b>	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Acute toxicity

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8500 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	10000 ppm	5 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	3720 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	5300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rabbit	1200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	4200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	11700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	5700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rabbit	5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	7800 mg/kg	-
IPBC	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	-
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10 mL/kg	-
higherio.	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.5 mL/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5400 uL/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Product as-supplied	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	238.1
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A
IPBC	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.5

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
		<b>B</b> 11 %		mg	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
propanol	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	mg 500 mg	_
	Skill - Wild Initalit	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Sensitization</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				

**Carcinogenicity** 

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	Positive - Inhalation - TC	Mouse	<75 ppm	103 weeks; 5 days per week
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Reproductive toxicity				

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <a></a>	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2 Category 1	-	- larynx

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely : Not available.

#### routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### <u>Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>

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Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

No additional information.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment, but contains substance(s) hazardous to the environment. See section 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
IPBC	Acute EC50 956 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.16 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 500 ppb Fresh water	Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2920 ppb Marine water	Crustaceans - Neomysis mercedis - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 40 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 95 ppb Marine water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 100 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 72 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 67 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 67 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 8.4 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	35 days

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### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	high
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	0.004	-	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

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	Waste code	Waste designation
	EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
E	ackaging	
	Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
	Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.</li> </ul>
S	pecial precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

			ADR/RID	IM	DG
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263			UN1263	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT			PAINT	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3			3	
14.4 Packing group	111			111	
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.			No.	
Additional informati	ion				
ADR/RID IMDG		p ] : <u>E</u> _	<b>/iscous liquid exception</b> This class backagings up to 450 L according to <b>Funnel code</b> (D/E) <b>Emergency schedules</b> F-E, _S-E_ <b>/iscous liquid exception</b> This class backagings up to 450 L according to	9 2.2.3.1.5.1. s 3 viscous liquid is not s	
14.6 Special precaut user	utions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.				
14.7 Transport in bu according to IMO instruments	lk	: ٢	Not applicable.		
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SECTION 15: Regulatory information			
15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture			
UK (GB) /REACH			
	ces subject to authorization		
	<u>Annex XIV</u> None of the components are listed.		
Substances of very high c None of the components ar			
on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.		
Other EU regulations			
VOC	: The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.		
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	Not available.		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed		
Ozone depleting substance Not listed.	<u>es (1005/2009/EU)</u>		
Prior Informed Consent (PIC Not listed.	<u>C) (649/2012/EO)</u>		
Persistent Organic Pollutan Not listed.	<u>its</u>		
Seveso Directive			
This product is controlled und	ler the Seveso Directive.		
Danger criteria			
	Category		
	P5c		
Biocidal products regulatio	<u>n</u>		
International regulations	on List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals		
Not listed.	Sin List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals		
Montreal Protocol Not listed.			
Stockholm Convention on Pe	ersistent Organic Pollutants		
Not listed.			
Rotterdam Convention on Pr	rior Informed Consent (PIC)		

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### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

## **15.2 Chemical Safety** : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Assessment

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement</li> </ul>
	N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data	

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

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EUH066		Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness o	
H412		Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H410		Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effect	ts.
H400		Very toxic to aquatic life.	
		exposure.	
H373		May cause damage to organs through prolong	ed or repeated
		exposure.	
H372		Causes damage to organs through prolonged	or repeated
H370		Causes damage to organs.	
H361d		Suspected of damaging the unborn child.	
H351		Suspected of causing cancer.	
H336		May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H335		May cause respiratory irritation.	
		nhaled.	สนากษุ นกกรมแรง ท
H334	-	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or bre	athing difficulties if
H332		Harmful if inhaled.	
H331		Toxic if inhaled.	
H319		Causes serious eye unitage. Causes serious eye irritation.	
H318		Causes serious eye damage.	
H317		May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H315		Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
H314		Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
H312		Harmful in contact with skin.	
H311		Toxic in contact with skin.	
H304		May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H302		Harmful if swallowed.	
H301		Toxic if swallowed.	
H226		Flammable liquid and vapor.	
H225		Highly flammable liquid and vapor.	

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SECTION 16: Other	r information	
EUH071		Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
Full text of classifications	[CLP/GHS]	
Acute Tox. 3		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1		AQUATIC HAZARD (ACOTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
Resp. Sens. 1		RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
STOT RE 2		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
STOT SE 1		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1
STOT SE 3		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -
		Category 3
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