

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of CHIP Regulation

Material Safety Data Sheet



Ultra Kote Exterior Gloss Acrylic

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name: TAUBMANS ULTRA KOTE EXTERIOR GLOSS ACRYLIC

Product Use: For all exterior walls

Details of the Supplier of this safety sheet:

AkzoNobel (PNG) Ltd
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Recommended Use:

Taubmans Ultra Kote Exterior Gloss Acrylic is intended for use on all exterior wall surfaces. Primed surfaces are recommended. Refer to product label for more details of areas of use and methods of application.

Other Information:

Note: Users should verify currency of this data sheet if more than 5 years old.
The information contained in this material safety data sheet is believed to be accurate on the date of issue and in accordance with the information available to us. Persons dealing with products referred to in the material safety data sheet do so at their own risk. We accept no liability whatsoever for damage or injury however caused arising from use of this information or of suggestions contained herein.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product has been assessed under the CHIP Regulations and is classified as follows:

Indication(s) of Danger: Irritant

Symbol Letter(s): Xi

Category(ies) of Danger: Sensitising (Contact With Skin)

Warning Label Phrases:

R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Information on Occupational Exposure Limits is given in Section 8.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances presenting a physico-chemical, health or environmental hazard within the meaning of the

CHIP Regulations or which are assigned occupational exposure limits.

EC No.	CAS No.	HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS	%	CLASSIFICATION
200-338-057-55-6		PROPYLENE GLYCOL	1.0-2.5	
	6846-50-0	TRIMETHYLPENTANEDIOL DIISOBUTYRATE	1.0-2.5	
	55965-84-9	5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [EC No 247-500- 7] AND 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3- ONE [EC No 220-239-6] (3:1)	< 1.0	N, T R23/24/25-34- 43-50/53

Note: The text for R phrase codes shown above (if any) is given in section 16.

Note: 'EC Number' if quoted is the EINECS or ELINCS number.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

In all cases of doubt, or where symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION:	Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped administer artificial respiration. Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious place in the recovery position. Seek medical advice.
EYE CONTACT:	Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding lids apart. Seek medical advice.
SKIN CONTACT:	Remove contaminated clothing, wash skin thoroughly with soap and water, or use a proprietary skin cleanser. Do not use solvents or thinners. Seek medical advice if symptoms persist.
INGESTION:	If accidentally swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Keep at rest and obtain medical attention.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Recommended - alcohol resistant foam, CO₂, powders. Not to be used - water jet.

Recommendations:

Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Fire fighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Closed containers exposed to fire should be cooled with water. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water-courses.

Hazchem Code:

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spills & Disposal:

Exclude non-essential personnel.

Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapours. Refer to protective measures listed in section 8. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, eg sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth, and place in

container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Conditions:

Prevent air-borne concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. Keep the container tightly closed. Exclude sources of heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in storage and use areas. For personal protection, see Section 8. Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container, or in containers that are compatible with the product.

Conditions for Safe Storage:

Observe the label precautions. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened should be properly resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not use or store any paint container by hanging on a hook.

Specific Use(s):

Where applicable refer to the product label and literature for the application and use instructions.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT	LTEL (8hr TWA) ppm	LTEL (8hr TWA) mg/m3	STEL (15 mins) ppm	STEL (15 mins) mg/m3	Notes
PROPYLENE GLYCOL	150	470			WEL
5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [EC No 247-500-7] AND 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [EC No 220-239-6] (3:1)		0.076		0.23	SUP

OEL - Occupational Exposure Limits WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

SUP - Manufacturer's recommended Limit

LTEL - Long-term Exposure Limit.

TWA - Time weighted Average

STEL - Short term Exposure Limit (15mins)

sk - Risk of absorption through unbroken skin

sen - Respiratory sensitizer

rd - Figure quoted is for Respirable dust

id - Figure quoted is for Inhalable dust

Further guidance on WELs and OELs and on occupational exposure to harmful materials (including mixed exposures) is given in HSE Guidance Note EH40.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

Before commencing work, ensure that a COSHH Assessment has been carried out. All personal protective equipment, including respiratory protective equipment, used to control exposure to hazardous substances must be selected to meet the requirements of local regulations.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Avoid the inhalation of vapour, particulates and spray mist. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general ventilation. If this is not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the occupational exposure limit, respiratory protection must be worn.

The selection of respiratory equipment should be in accordance with BS529:2005. Recommendations for the selection, use and maintenance of Respiratory Equipment, and the current certificates of approval are issued annually by the Health and Safety Executive.

For solvent-based products, consider using water-based products as alternatives, where equivalent products exist. Work only in places of good ventilation. Inside always keep doors and windows fully open during application and drying. When applying solvent-based products by brush or roller to large surface areas inside, or using in small confined spaces, the wearing of air supplied breathing apparatus will be necessary. When applying for short periods only, a cartridge mask may be worn providing the filter is changed regularly. Do not spray any product unless directed to do so on the container. The principal hazards associated with paint spraying are health hazard from inhalation of vapours and spray mist, and fire risk. When applying water-based paints by spray inside or in confined spaces, wearing a cartridge mask of Assigned Protection Factor 40 x OEL for particulates is recommended. This should be confirmed by your COSHH assessment. Contact your merchant about masks. When applying solvent-based paints by spray, in case of insufficient ventilation, the wearing of air-fed respiratory equipment will always be necessary. Refer to your COSHH assessment. When spraying solvent based products it is possible to build up an explosive or flammable atmosphere: refer to Guidance Note EH9 from the HSE or advice on good practice. All respiratory equipment must be suitable for the purpose and meet an appropriate standard approved by the HSE. Refer to BS529:2005.

HAND PROTECTION:

Wear suitable gloves for protection against materials in section 3.

When skin exposure may occur, advice should be sought from glove suppliers on appropriate types and usage times for this product. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

EYE PROTECTION:

Eye protection designed to protect against liquid splashes should be worn.

SKIN PROTECTION:

Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normally suitable. Grossly contaminated clothing should be removed and the skin washed with soap and water or a proprietary skin cleaner.

Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film may give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

FLATTING:

Protective gloves should be worn to avoid the risk of skin irritation. When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.

Where possible wet flatting or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry flatting cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the occupational hygiene (COSHH) assessment, taking into account the occupational hygiene exposure standard for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.

The Control of Lead at Work approved code of practice 1998 (ISBN 0 71 7615065) should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean-up operations.

All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Special (Hazardous) Waste, with the relevant documentation under The Special Waste Regulations 1996 plus amendment 2001, The Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991, The Controlled Waste Registration of Carriers and Seizure of Vehicles Regulations 1991 plus amendment 1998 and the Controlled Waste Regulations 1992 plus amendment 1993.

Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film may give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

Extra precautions will need to be taken when burning off old lead based paints (See above - "Flatting" for relevance to work on older property, ie pre 1960) as fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the occupational hygiene (COSHH) assessment, taking into account the occupational hygiene exposure standard for lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above under the Flatting section should be taken with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts, and exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building during actual work and the subsequent clean-up operations.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: See section 12 for detailed information.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:	Liquid
Flash Point:	NON FLASH°C
Specific Gravity:	1.196
Water Miscibility:	Yes
pH:	8.58.5
Viscosity (KU-1):	N/A (ISO 6mm Range)
Initial Boiling Point	100°C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to Avoid: Extremes of temperature.

Materials To Avoid:

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke and oxides of nitrogen.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There is no data available on the product itself. The product has been assessed following the conventional method in the Dangerous Preparations Directive and is classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. See Sections 2 and 15 for details of the resulting hazard classification.

Over-exposures of vapour are irritating to eyes and respiratory system. Excessive concentrations may produce effects on the central nervous system including drowsiness. In extreme cases loss of consciousness may result. Long term exposure to vapour concentrations in excess of quoted OELs may result in adverse health effects. Splashes entering the eye will cause discomfort and possible damage. Prolonged contact with the skin may have a defatting effect which may lead to skin irritation and in some cases dermatitis.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There is no specific data available on the product itself.

The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses or be deposited where it can affect ground or surface waters.

The Air Pollution Control requirements of regulations made under the Environmental Protection Act may apply to the use of this product.

Products classified as Marine Pollutants are indicated as such under Transport section 14.

Products classified as Dangerous For the Environment are indicated as such in sections 2 and 15.

Any substances in the product that are classified as Dangerous for the Environment, present at concentrations above those requiring listing are given in section 3.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Considerations:

Wastes, including emptied containers, should be disposed of in accordance with national regulations.

CODES ACCORDING TO THE LIST OF WASTES REGULATIONS:

Product as supplied: SDS ERROR - CONTACT SHE DEPT - ERROR 101.50 - ADD DATA INTO SHE C&L, OR DELETE HEADINGS IF YOU DO NOT USE

Part-used containers, containing dried residues of the supplied product: SDS ERROR - CONTACT SHE DEPT - ERROR 101.60 - ADD DATA INTO SHE C&L, OR DELETE HEADINGS IF YOU DO NOT USE

Used containers, rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the supplied product: SDS ERROR - CONTACT SHE DEPT - ERROR 101.70 - ADD DATA INTO SHE C&L, OR DELETE HEADINGS IF YOU DO NOT USE

"Rigorously scraped out" means removing the maximum amount of product from the container by physical or mechanical means (draining or scraping) to leave a residue or contamination that cannot be removed by such means.

These codes have been assigned based on the actual composition of the product both as supplied and as dried residues. If mixed with other wastes, the waste codes quoted may not be applicable.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport within user's premises:

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure.

Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport to be in accordance with ADR for road, IMDG for sea. The transport classifications provided in this section are not valid for transport by Air. Please call the number in section 1 of this safety data sheet to obtain more information on this products classification for Air transport.

ADR Classification Information

UN Number : 0000
Proper Shipping Name : NOT APPLICABLE

Hazard Class : EX

Sub-Hazard Class :

Packing Group : EX

Technical Name
(NOS only) :

Ltd Qty Code :

Packing
Instructions :

IMDG Classification Information

UN Number : 0000
Proper Shipping
Name : NOT APPLICABLE

Hazard Class : EX

Sub-Hazard Class :

Packing Group : EX

Technical Name
(NOS only) :

Ltd Qty Maximum :

Packing
Instructions :

Marine Pollutant
if indicated here:

Emergency Schedule
No :

Flashpoint : NON-FLASH

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been assessed under the CHIP Regulations and is classified as follows:

NAMED SUBSTANCES

Date of issue/Date of Revision: March 2014

Contains

5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [EC No 247-500-7] AND 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [EC No 220-239-6] (3:1)

INDICATION(S) OF DANGER: Irritant

SYMBOLS LETTER(S): Xi

WARNING LABEL PHRASES:

R43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
S2	Keep out of the reach of children.
S24	Avoid contact with skin.
S37	Wear suitable gloves.

Where 'J'and/or 'P' phrases are denoted, these are ICI Paints AkzoNobel or paint industry reference codes to additional phrases.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Text for R Phrases shown in section 3 describing each ingredient:

R23/24/25	Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.
R34	Causes burns.
R43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R50/53	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

The information in this safety data sheet is required in pursuant to the CHIP Regulations.

Other Reference:

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH). You should satisfy yourself that your COSHH Assessment is in accordance with the COSHH Regulations and Approved Code of Practice. ICI does not accept any responsibility for your COSHH Assessment.

The information on this sheet is not a specification: it does not guarantee specific properties. The information is intended to provide general guidance as to health and safety based upon our knowledge of the handling, storage and use of the product. It is not applicable to unusual or non-standard uses of the product or where instructions and recommendations are not followed.

Contact Person/Point:

Attn: Stephen Woodcock

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Emergency Contact: +675 7192 1000 (24 hr.)
Fire Ambulance: 110 or 000 (PNG)

End of MSDS
